

EXERCÍCIOS 1.3

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EXERCÍCIO 1 (PÁGINA 53)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^{-1} = I_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2a+c & 2b+d \\ -2a+3c & -2b+3d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2a+c=1 \\ -2a+3c=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{4c=1}{c=\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2b+d=0 \\ -2b+3d=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{4d=1}{d=\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$4c=1$$

$$c=\frac{1}{4}$$

$$4d=1$$

$$d=\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2a+c=1 \\ 2a+\frac{1}{4}=1 \\ \hline 2a=1-\frac{1}{4} \\ 2a=\frac{4-1}{4} \\ 2a=\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline a=\frac{3}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2b+d=0 \\ 2b+\frac{1}{4}=0 \\ \hline 2b=-\frac{1}{4} \\ 2b=-\frac{1}{4} \\ \hline b=-\frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/8 & -1/8 \\ 1/4 & 1/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

## EXERCÍCIO 2 (PÁGINA 33)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^{-1} = I_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2a+c & 2b+d \\ -4a-2c & -4b-2d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2a+c = 1 \times (2) \\ -4a-2c = 0 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} 4a+2c = 2 \\ -4a-2c = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{0 = 2}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2b+d = 0 \times (2) \\ -4b-2d = 1 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} 4b+2d = 0 \\ -4b-2d = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{0 = 1}$$

ESTES SISTEMAS LINEARES NÃO TÊM SOLUÇÕES, DE MANEIRA QUE 'A' NÃO TEM INVERSA. ASSIM, 'A' É UMA MATRIZ SINGULAR.

## EXERCÍCIO 3 (PÁGINA 33)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AA^{-1} = I_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+c & b+d \\ 3a+4c & 3b+4d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} a+c=1 \times (-3) \\ 3a+4c=0 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} -3a-3c=-3 \\ 3a+4c=0 \end{cases}$$

$$c = -3$$

$$\begin{cases} b+d=0 \times (-3) \\ 3b+4d=1 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} -3b-3d=0 \\ 3b+4d=1 \end{cases}$$

$$d = 1$$

ESTES SISTEMAS LINEARES TÊM SOLUÇÕES DE MANEIRA QUE 'A' TEM INVERSA. ASSIM, 'A' É UMA MATRIZ NÃO-SINGULAR.

$$\begin{aligned} a+c &= 1 & b+d &= 0 \\ a+(-3) &= 1 & b+1 &= 0 \\ a-3 &= 1 & b &= -1 \\ a &= 1+3 & & \\ &= 4 & & \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

EXERCÍCIO 4 (PÁGINA 53)



$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A A^{-1} = I_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+2d-g & b+2e-h & c+2f-i \\ 3a+2d+3g & 3b+2e+3h & 3c+2f+3i \\ 2a+2d+g & 2b+2e+h & 2c+2f+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} a+2d-g=1 \\ 3a+2d+3g=0 \\ 2a+2d+g=0 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} a+2d-g=1 \\ 2a+2d+g=0 \\ 3a+2d+3g=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2a+2d+g=0 \\ -a-2d+g=-1 \\ \hline a+0+2g=-1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} a+0+2g=-1 \\ -a-2d+g=-1 \\ \hline 0-2d+3g=-2 \end{array}$$

$$-2d+3g=-2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3a+2d+3g=0 \\ -a-2d+g=-1 \\ \hline 2a+0+4g=-1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2a+0+4g=-1 \\ -a-2d+g=-1 \\ \hline a-2d+5g=-2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} a-2d+5g=-2 \\ -a-2d+g=-1 \\ \hline 0-4d+6g=-3 \end{array}$$

$$-4d+6g=-3$$

$$\begin{cases} -2d+3g=-2 \\ -4d+6g=-3 \end{cases} \times (-2) \sim \begin{cases} 4d-6g=4 \\ -4d+6g=-3 \\ \hline 0=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} b+2r+h=0 \\ 3b+2r+3h=1 \\ 2b+2r+h=0 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} b+2r+h=0 \\ 2b+2r+h=0 \\ 3b+2r+3h=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2b+2r+h=0 & b+0+2r=0 & \\ -b-2r+h=0 & -b-2r+h=0 & -2r+3h=0 \\ \hline b+0+2r=0 & 0-2r+3h=0 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3b+2r+3h=1 & 2b+0+4h=1 & b-2r+5h=1 \\ -b-2r+h=0 & -b-2r+h=0 & -b-2r+h=0 \\ \hline 2b+0+4h=1 & b-2r+5h=1 & 0-5r+6h=1 \end{array}$$

$$-5r+6h=1$$

$$\begin{cases} -2r+3h=0 \\ -5r+6h=1 \end{cases} \times (-2) \sim \begin{cases} 5r-6h=0 \\ -5r+6h=1 \\ \hline 0=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x+2f-i=0 \\ 3x+2f+3i=0 \\ 2x+2f+i=1 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} x+2f-i=0 \\ 2x+2f+i=1 \\ 3x+2f+3i=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x+2f+i=1 & x+0+2i=1 & \\ -x-2f+i=0 & -x-2f+i=0 & -2f+3i=1 \\ \hline x+0+2i=1 & 0-2f+3i=1 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x+2f+3i=0 & 2x+0+4i=0 & x-2f+5i=0 \\ -x-2f+i=0 & -x-2f+i=0 & -x-2f+i=0 \\ \hline 2x+0+4i=0 & x-2f+5i=0 & 0-5f+6i=0 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{cases} -21 + 3i = 1 & \times (-2) \\ -41 + 6i = 0 \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} -41 - 6i = -2 \\ -41 + 6i = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{0 = -2}$$

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### EXERCÍCIO 5 (PÁGINA 53)

S.A)  $[A | I_2] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & | & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & | & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & | & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{12} \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & | & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{12} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{12} \end{bmatrix}$$

S.B)  $[A | I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{+}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ x(1) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(1) \end{array} \leftarrow + \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ x(-2) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

S.C

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-1) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-1) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A|I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times(-1) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(-\frac{2}{3}) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times(-3) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times(2) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(-6) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & 1 & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & -5 & 2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(\frac{1}{3}) \\ \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/3 & 1 & -1/3 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 1 & -2/3 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -5/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 & 1/3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \\ \times (-2) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 7/3 & -1/3 & -1/3 & -2/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/3 & 1 & -1/3 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 1 & -2/3 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -5/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 & 1/3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \\ \times (1/3) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 7/3 & -1/3 & -1/3 & -2/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 4/9 & -1/9 & -5/9 & 1/9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 1 & -2/3 & -1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -5/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 & 1/3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \\ \times (2/3) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 7/3 & -1/3 & -1/3 & -2/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 4/9 & -1/9 & -5/9 & 1/9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/9 & -2/9 & 1/9 & 2/9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -5/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 & 1/3 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7/3 & -1/3 & -1/3 & -2/3 \\ 4/9 & -1/9 & -5/9 & 1/9 \\ -1/9 & -2/9 & 1/9 & 2/9 \\ -5/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

### EXERCÍCIO 6 (PÁGINA 34)

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.A \quad [A | I_2] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

'A' É UMA MATRIZ SINGULAR, OU SEJA, NÃO TEM INVERSA.

6.B

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times(-1) \\ + \\ \leftarrow \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times(\frac{1}{2}) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times(-2) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times(-\frac{3}{2}) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

6.C

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times(-1) \\ \\ \leftarrow \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times(-1) \\ \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$[A; I_4] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ x(2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -6 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ x(-3) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -6 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 10 & 3 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ x(-\frac{1}{2}) \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 10 & 3 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ x(-3) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 10 & 3 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ x(1) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 10 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(-5) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -6 & 4 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(-\frac{2}{5}) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -1 & \frac{3}{2} & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{6}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} & -\frac{7}{5} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \\ x(5) \end{array}$$

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$$[A | I_4] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & -5/2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & -1/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 6/5 & -5/3 & -7/5 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-3) \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & -5/2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -13/5 & 19/10 & 16/5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 6/5 & -5/3 & -7/5 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5/2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ -13/5 & 19/10 & 16/5 & 0 \\ 6/5 & -5/3 & -7/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

### EXERCICIO 7 (PÁGINA 54)

7.A

$$[A | I_2] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times (-1/2)$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-3) \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & -2 & 3/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1/2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3/2 \\ 1 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.B

$$[A | I_4] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 9 & 1 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \\ \end{array}$$



$$[A; I_4] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 9 & 1 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 9 & 1 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-5) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & -5 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & -5 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-1) \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & -5 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & -5 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-8) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -9 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (1/8) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/8 & 1/8 & 1/8 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -9 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (-3) \\ \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -3/4 & 3/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -4 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ x(2) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -3/4 & 3/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -4 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(-4) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -3/4 & 3/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

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7.C

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ x(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ x(2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(1/2) \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (1) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (-1) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & -1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 & -1 & 1/2 \\ 1/2 & 0 & -1/2 \\ -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

### EXERCÍCIO 8 (PÁGINA 54)

8.A

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A | I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-1) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-1) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (1) \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$[A | I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ex. 3

$$[A | I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow - \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & | & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow - \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & | & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & | & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-4) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 3 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (1) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 3 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -5 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

f.c

$$[A; I_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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### EXERCÍCIO 9 (PÁGINA 58)

9.A

$$[A; I_4] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

Q.1

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1/1

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A: I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 7 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \\ + \\ \leftarrow \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 7 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7 & 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (1/5) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 7 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7 & 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & -3/5 & 7/5 & 3/5 & -2/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 7 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7 & 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (4) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & -3/5 & 7/5 & 3/5 & -2/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 11/5 & 12/5 & 6/5 & 4/5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7 & 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (5) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & -3/5 & 7/5 & 3/5 & -2/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 11/5 & 12/5 & 6/5 & 4/5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & -3/5 & 7/5 & 3/5 & -2/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 11/5 & 12/5 & 6/5 & 4/5 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (3/5) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 3/5 \\ 0 & 1 & -6/5 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 11/5 & 12/5 & 6/5 & 4/5 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (6/5) \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A : I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 3/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -11/5 & 7/5 & 0 & 6/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/5 & 11/5 & 6/5 & 4/5 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-11/5) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 3/5 & 1/5 & 0 & 3/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -11/5 & 7/5 & 0 & 6/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 28/5 & -7/5 & 1 & -12/5 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

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9.3

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A : I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & 1 & 0 & -3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-1/3) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & 1 & 0 & -3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-2) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2/3 & 0 & 2/3 & -1/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & 1 & 0 & -3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (5) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A; I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2/3 & 0 & 2/3 & -1/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 0 & 0 & -2/3 & 1 & -3/3 & 1/3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-\frac{3}{2}) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2/3 & 0 & 2/3 & -1/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 5/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-\frac{1}{3}) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 5/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-\frac{2}{3}) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 5/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ -3/2 & 5/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

9.C

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A; I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-1) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (1) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A; I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-1/2) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-1) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 3/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-1) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 3/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -3/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3/2 & 1/2 \\ 1 & -3/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

## EXERCÍCIO 10 (PÁGINA 54)

$$\begin{aligned}
 10.A \quad [A; I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-2) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & 1 & -1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-1/5) \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 [A; I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \\ + \\ \times (-3) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{3}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (-2) \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{3}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{3}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

10.3

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A; I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-5) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -12 & -5 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-4) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 [A|I_4] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -12 & -4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -7 & -17 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ x(1) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -6 & -12 & -4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -7 & -17 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ x(-5) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 13 & 6 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -7 & -17 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 13 & 6 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 13 & 8 & 0 & -6 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(-1) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -13 & -6 & -1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 13 & 8 & 0 & -6 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ x(-1) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 11 & 5 & 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -13 & -6 & -1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 13 & 8 & 0 & -6 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ x(1) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 11 & 5 & 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -18 & -8 & -1 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -13 & -6 & -1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

'A' É UMA MATRIZ SINGULAR, OU SEJA, NÃO TEM INVERSA.

10.C

$$[A | I_3] = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (\frac{1}{2}) \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 9 & -\frac{3}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-7) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 9 & -\frac{3}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 9 & -\frac{7}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (\frac{2}{5}) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{18}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 9 & -\frac{7}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -\frac{14}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{18}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 9 & -\frac{7}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (-\frac{5}{2}) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -\frac{14}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{18}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

'A' É UMA MATRIZ SINGULAR, OU SEJA, NÃO TEM INVERSA.

EXERCÍCIO 11 (PÁGINA 54)

11.A

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 0 \\ 2y + 2z = 0 \\ x + 2y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sim \begin{cases} 2y + 2z = 0 \\ x + 2y + 3z = 0 \\ x + 2y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$x + 2y + 3z = 0$$

$$-2y - 2z = 0$$

$$x + z = 0$$

$$x + 0 + z = 0$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 0$$

$$-2y - 2z = 0$$

$$x + z = 0$$

$$x + 0 + z = 0$$

$$z = \pi$$

$\pi$  = QUALQUER NÚMERO REAL

$$x + z = 0$$

$$-2y - 2z = 0$$

$$x + \pi = 0$$

$$-2y - 2\pi = 0$$

$$x = -\pi$$

$$-2y = 2\pi$$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{2\pi}{-2} = -\pi$$

$$x = -\pi, y = -\pi \text{ e } z = \pi$$

ESSE SISTEMA LINEAR POSSUI INFINITAS SOLUÇÕES.

11.3

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y - z = 0 \\ x - 2y - 3z = 0 \\ -3x - y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sim \begin{cases} x - 2y - 3z = 0 \\ 2x + y - z = 0 \\ -3x - y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y - 3z = 0 \\ 2x + y - z = 0 \\ -3x - y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2x + y - z = 0$$

$$x + 3y + 2z = 0$$

$$3y + 5z = 0$$

$$-x + 2y + 3z = 0$$

$$-x + 2y + 3z = 0$$

$$5(y + z) = 0$$

$$x + 3y + 2z = 0$$

$$0 + 5y + 5z = 0$$

$$y + z = 0$$

$$= 0$$

$$-3x - y + 2z = 0$$

$$x - 2y - 3z = 0$$

$$-2x - 3y - z = 0$$

$$-2x - 3y - z = 0$$

$$x - 2y - 3z = 0$$

$$-x - 3y - 4z = 0$$

$$-x - 3y - 4z = 0$$

$$x - 2y - 3z = 0$$

$$0 - 7y - 7z = 0$$

$$-7y - 7z = 0$$

$$-7(y + z) = 0$$

$$y + z = 0$$

$$-7$$

$$= 0$$

$$z = x$$

$x$  é QUALQUER NÚMERO REAL

$$y + z = 0$$

$$y + x = 0$$

$$y = -x$$

$$x - 2y - 3z = 0$$

$$x - 2(-x) - 3(x) = 0$$

$$x + 2x - 3x = 0$$

$$x - x = 0$$

$$x = x$$

$$x = x, y = -x \text{ e } z = x$$

ESSE SISTEMA LINEAR POSSUI INFINITAS SOLUÇÕES.

EXERCÍCIO 12 (PÁGINA 54)

$$12.A \begin{cases} x + y + 2z = 0 \\ 2x + y + z = 0 \\ 3x - y + z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2x + y + z = 0$$

$$3x - y + z = 0$$



$$[A|0] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-3) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-1) \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ x(-1) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ x(4) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ x(1/7) \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ x(1) \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ x(-3) \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 0y + 0z = 0 \\ 0x + y + 0z = 0 \\ 0x + 0y + z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x = 0$$

$$y = 0$$

$$z = 0$$

ESSE SISTEMA LINEAR SÓ  
POSSUI A SOLUÇÃO TRIVIAL.

12.3

$$\begin{cases} x - y + z = 0 \\ 2x + y = 0 \\ 2x - 2y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$[A:0] = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} x(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] x(1/3)$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ x(1) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 0y + 1/3z = 0 \\ 0x + y - 2/3z = 0 \\ 0x + 0y + 0z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 1/3z = 0 \\ y - 2/3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$z = \lambda$$

$\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ , QUALQUER NÚMERO REAL

$$x + 1/3z = 0$$

$$y - 2/3z = 0$$

$$x + 1/3\lambda = 0$$

$$y - 2/3\lambda = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}\lambda$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}\lambda$$



$$x = -\frac{1}{3}y, \quad y = \frac{2}{3}x \quad \text{e} \quad z = x$$

ESSE SISTEMA LINEAR POSSUI INFINITAS SOLUÇÕES, OU SEJA, POSSUI SOLUÇÃO NÃO-TRIVIAL.

$$12.C \begin{cases} 2x - y + 5z = 0 \\ 3x + 2y - 3z = 0 \\ x - y + 4z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sim \begin{cases} x - y + 4z = 0 \\ 3x + 2y - 3z = 0 \\ 2x - y + 5z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sim \begin{cases} x - y + 4z = 0 \\ 2x - y + 5z = 0 \\ 3x + 2y - 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$[A:0] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-3) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -15 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ x(1) \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -15 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} x(-5) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 0y + z = 0 \\ 0x + y - 3z = 0 \\ 0x + 0y + 0z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x + z = 0$$

$$y - 3z = 0$$

$$z = \lambda$$

$\lambda \geq$  QUALQUER NÚMERO REAL.

$$x + z = 0$$

$$y - 3z = 0$$

$$x + \lambda = 0$$

$$y - 3\lambda = 0$$

$$x = -\lambda$$

$$y = 3\lambda$$

$$x = -\lambda, y = 3\lambda \text{ e } z = \lambda$$

ESSE SISTEMA LINEAR POSSUI INFINITAS SOLUÇÕES, OU SEJA, POSSUI SOLUÇÃO NÃO-TRIVIAL.

### EXERCÍCIO 13 (PÁGINA 54)

$$[A^{-1} | I_2] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \times \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-4) \end{array}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{array} \right]$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} \\ -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$



## EXERCÍCIO 11 (PÁGINA 54)

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A^{-1} | I_2] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 3 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-1) \\ \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \leftarrow I + \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow I + \\ \times (-1) \\ \end{array} \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & -1 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

## EXERCÍCIO 13 (PÁGINA 54)

$$AA^{-1} = I_m$$

CONTUDO, SE 'A' POSSUI UMA LINHA OU UMA COLUNA DE ZEROS IMPLICA QUE SEU PRODUTO POR QUALQUER OUTRA MATRIZ TENHA COMO RESULTADO UMA NOVA MATRIZ COM UMA LINHA OU UMA COLUNA DE ZEROS. LOGO,

'A' É UMA MATRIZ SINGULAR, UMA VEZ QUE:

AB NUNCA RESULTARIA NUMA MATRIZ  $I_m$

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/ /

## EXERCÍCIO 16 (PÁGINA 34)

$$A A^{-1} = I_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & a \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & x_{13} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & x_{23} \\ x_{31} & x_{32} & x_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{11} + x_{21} & x_{12} + x_{22} & x_{13} + x_{23} \\ x_{11} & x_{12} & x_{13} \\ x_{11} + 2x_{21} + ax_{31} & x_{12} + 2x_{22} + ax_{32} & x_{13} + 2x_{23} + ax_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_{11} + x_{21} = 1$$

$$x_{12} + x_{22} = 0$$

$$x_{13} + x_{23} = 0$$

$$x_{11} = 0$$

$$x_{12} = 1$$

$$x_{13} = 0$$

$$x_{11} + 2x_{21} + ax_{31} = 0$$

$$x_{12} + 2x_{22} + ax_{32} = 0$$

$$x_{13} + 2x_{23} + ax_{33} = 1$$

$$x_{11} + x_{21} = 1$$

$$0 + x_{21} = 1$$

$$x_{21} = 1$$

$$x_{12} + x_{22} = 0$$

$$1 + x_{22} = 0$$

$$x_{22} = -1$$

$$x_{13} + x_{23} = 0$$

$$0 + x_{23} = 0$$

$$x_{23} = 0$$

$$x_{11} + 2x_{21} + ax_{31} = 0$$

$$0 + 2(1) + ax_{31} = 0$$

$$0 + 2 + ax_{31} = 0$$

$$ax_{31} = -2$$

$$x_{12} + 2x_{22} + ax_{32} = 0$$

$$1 + 2(-1) + ax_{32} = 0$$

$$1 - 2 + ax_{32} = 0$$

$$ax_{32} = 1$$



$$x_{13} + 2x_{23} + ax_{33} = 1$$

$$0 + 2(0) + ax_{33} = 1$$

$$0 + 0 + ax_{33} = 1$$

$$ax_{33} = 1$$

### EXERCÍCIO 17 (PÁGINA 59)

17.A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 30 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 30 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 20 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 10 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [A; B] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 30 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 20 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 10 \end{array} \right] \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 30 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 10 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 20 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (\frac{1}{2}) \\ \\ \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 15 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 10 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 20 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -20 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 20 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

$$[A|B] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 & 3/2 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -20 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & -25 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 & 3/2 & 15 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & -25 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -20 \end{bmatrix} \times (2)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 & 3/2 & 15 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/2 & -50 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -20 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-1/2) \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & 50 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/2 & -50 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -20 \end{bmatrix} \times (-1/2)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & 50 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/2 & -50 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-7) \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -30 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/2 & -50 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow + \\ \times (1/2) \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -30 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 60 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} X_1 + 0X_2 + 0X_3 = -30 \\ 0X_1 + X_2 + 0X_3 = 60 \\ 0X_1 + 0X_2 + X_3 = 10 \end{cases}$$

$$X_1 = -30$$

$$X_2 = 60$$

$$X_3 = 10$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -30 \\ 60 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$



17.B

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 8 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 12 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 14 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [A:B] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 12 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 8 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 14 \end{array} \right] \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 12 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 14 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 8 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (\frac{1}{2}) \\ \\ \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 14 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 8 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \\ \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 & 8 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \\ \leftarrow + \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{11}{2} & -10 \end{array} \right] \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 6 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{11}{2} & -10 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \times (2) \\ \end{array} \\ &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -11 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 [A|B] &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & -17 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \end{array} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & -17 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \\ \times (-7) \end{array} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 1 & -17 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \\ \leftarrow + \\ \times (17) \end{array} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -37 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

### EXERCÍCIO 18 (PÁGINA 34)

18.A  $[A|I_2] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (-2) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow + \\ \times (-3) \end{array} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

18.B  $A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

$$[A^T|I_2] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 7 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \times (-3) \\ \leftarrow + \end{array}$$



$$[A^T | I_2] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+} \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & 7 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times (-2)$$

$$(A^T)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

EXERCÍCIO 19 (PÁGINA 54) SIM

SE  $A$  É UMA MATRIZ SIMÉTRICA E COMO O PRODUTO  $AA^{-1}$  RESULTA EM UMA MATRIZ TAMBÉM SIMÉTRICA ( $I_m$ ), ENTÃO, ESSE RESULTADO SÓ SERÁ POSSÍVEL SE  $A^{-1}$  FOR UMA MATRIZ TAMBÉM SIMÉTRICA.

EXERCÍCIO 20 (PÁGINA 54)

20.A  $(A+B)^{-1} = A^{-1} + B^{-1}$

$$A+B=C \quad A^{-1}+B^{-1}=D \quad \text{NÃO SÃO IGUAIS}$$

$$(A+B)^{-1} = C^{-1}$$

20.B  $(\lambda A)^{-1} = \frac{1}{\lambda} A^{-1}$

NÃO SÃO IGUAIS.

## EXERCÍCIO 21 (PÁGINA 55)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda - 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 2 & \lambda - 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

## EXERCÍCIO 22 (PÁGINA 55)

$$22.A) A + B$$



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22.B

Exercise 22 (Problem 33)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

22.C

Exercise 22 (Problem 33)

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## EXERCÍCIO 23 (PÁGINA 55)

$$\begin{aligned}
 [D: I_3] &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times \left( \frac{1}{4} \right) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$D^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

## EXERCÍCIO 24 (PÁGINA 55)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (AB)^{-1} &= B^{-1}A^{-1} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 2(3)+3(1) & 2(2)+3(3) \\ 3(3)+(-2)(1) & 3(2)+(-2)(3) \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 6+3 & 4+9 \\ 9-2 & 6-6 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 13 \\ 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$



## EXERCÍCIO 23 (PÁGINA 55)

$$AX = B$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A^{-1} | I_2] &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \times (-4) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \leftarrow + \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right] \times \left( -\frac{3}{2} \right) \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{10} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 AX = B &\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{10} \\ \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{10}X_1 + \frac{3}{10}X_2 \\ \frac{2}{5}X_1 - \frac{1}{5}X_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{10}X_1 + \frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5 \\ \frac{2}{5}X_1 - \frac{1}{5}X_2 = 3 \end{cases} \times \left( \frac{3}{2} \right) \sim \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{10}X_1 + \frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5 \\ \frac{6}{10}X_1 - \frac{3}{10}X_2 = \frac{9}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}X_1 = \frac{19}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}X_1 = \frac{19}{2}$$

$$X_1 = 2 \left( \frac{19}{2} \right)$$

$$= 19$$

$$-\frac{1}{10}X_1 + \frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5$$

$$-\frac{1}{10}(19) + \frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5$$

$$-\frac{19}{10} + \frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5$$

$$\frac{3}{10}X_2 = 5 + \frac{19}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{10}X_2 = \frac{50+19}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{10}X_2 = \frac{69}{10}$$

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$$X_2 = \frac{1}{23} \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 23 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 23$$