

6.2 ANTIDIFERENCIAÇÃO

EXERCÍCIOS 6.2 *

① $\int 3x^4 dx$

$$d' = \left(\frac{3}{5} x^5 + C \right)' \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d' = 3(5x^{5-1}) \\ d' = 3(5^1 x^4) \\ d' = 3x^4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot x^{4+1}}{4+1} + C$$

$$\frac{3}{5} x^5 + C$$

② $\int (3x^5 - 2x^3) dx$

$$d' = \left(\frac{x^6}{2} - \frac{x^4}{2} + C \right)'$$

$$d' = \left(\frac{x^6}{2} \right)' - \left(\frac{x^4}{2} \right)' + (C)'$$

$$d' = \left(\frac{1}{2} x^6 \right)' - \left(\frac{1}{2} x^4 \right)' + 0$$

$$d' = \frac{1}{2} (x^6)' - \frac{1}{2} (x^4)'$$

$$d' = \frac{1}{2} (6x^{6-1}) - \frac{1}{2} (4x^{4-1})$$

$$d' = \frac{1}{2} (6x^5) - \frac{1}{2} (4x^3)$$

$$d' = 3x^5 - 2x^3$$

③ $\int (3 - 2t + t^2) dt$

$$d' = \left(3t - t^2 + \frac{t^3}{3} + C \right)'$$

$$d' = (3t)' - (t^2)' + \left(\frac{t^3}{3} \right)' + (C)'$$

$$3 \frac{dt}{dt} - 2 \frac{t}{dt} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{t^2}{dt}$$

$$3t - 2 \cdot \frac{t^{1+1}}{1+1} + \frac{t^{2+1}}{2+1} + C \quad d' = 3 - 2t^{2-1} + \left(\frac{1}{3} t^3\right)' + 0$$

$$3t - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} t^2 + \frac{1}{3} t^3 + C \quad d' = 3 - 2t + \frac{1}{3} (t^3)'$$

$$3t - t^2 + \frac{1}{3} t^3 + C \quad d' = 3 - 2t + \frac{1}{3} (3t^{3-1})$$

$$d' = 3 - 2t + \frac{1}{3} (3t^2)$$

$$d' = 3 - 2t + t^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int (4x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 1) dx$$

$$\int 4x^3 dx - \int 3x^2 dx + \int 6x dx - \int 1 dx$$

$$4 \int x^3 dx - 3 \int x^2 dx + 6 \int x dx - 1 \int dx$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{x^{3+1}}{3+1} - 3 \cdot \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} + 6 \cdot \frac{x^{1+1}}{1+1} - x + C$$

$$\frac{4}{4} \cdot \frac{x^4}{1} - \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{x^3}{1} + \frac{6}{2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1} - x + C$$

$$x^4 - x^3 + 3x^2 - x + C$$

$$d' = (x^4 - x^3 + 3x^2 - x + C)'$$

$$d' = (x^4)' - (x^3)' + (3x^2)' - (x)' + (C)'$$

$$d' = (4x^{4-1}) - (3x^{3-1}) + 3(x^{2-1}) - 1 + 0$$

$$d' = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + 3(2x^{2-1}) - 1$$

$$d' = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 1$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int (8x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 5) dx$$

$$\int 8x^4 dx - \int 4x^3 dx - \int 6x^2 dx - \int 4x dx + \int 5 dx$$

$$8 \int x^4 dx - 4 \int x^3 dx - 6 \int x^2 dx - 4 \int x dx + 5 \int dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^{4+1}}{4+1} - \frac{4 \cdot x^{3+1}}{3+1} - \frac{6 \cdot x^{2+1}}{2+1} - \frac{4 \cdot x^{1+1}}{1+1} + 5x + C$$

$$\int \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{4 \cdot x^4}{4} - \frac{6 \cdot x^3}{3} - \frac{4 \cdot x^2}{2} + 5x + C$$

$$\int x^5 - x^4 - 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x + C$$

$$(6) \int (2 + 3x^2 - 8x^3) dx$$

$$\int 2 dx + \int 3x^2 dx - \int 8x^3 dx$$

$$2 \int dx + 3 \int x^2 dx - 8 \int x^3 dx$$

$$2x + 3 \cdot \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} - 8 \cdot \frac{x^{3+1}}{3+1} + C$$

$$2x + 3 \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{8 \cdot x^4}{4} + C$$

$$2x + x^3 - 2x^4 + C$$

$$(7) \int \sqrt{x} (x+1) dx$$

$$\int x^{1/2} (x+1) dx$$

$$\int (x^{3/2} + x^{1/2}) dx$$

$$\int x^{3/2} dx + \int x^{1/2} dx$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} + \frac{x^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}}{5/2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} + C$$

$$(68) \int (ax^2 + bx + c) dx$$

$$\int ax^2 dx + \int bx dx + \int c dx$$

$$a \int x^2 dx + b \int x dx + c \int dx$$

$$a \cdot \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} + b \cdot \frac{x^{1+1}}{1+1} + c \cdot x + C$$

$$a \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} + b \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} + cx + C$$

$$\frac{a}{3} x^3 + \frac{b}{2} x^2 + cx + C$$

$$(69) \int (x^{3/2} - x) dx$$

$$\int x^{3/2} dx - \int x dx$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} - \frac{x^{1+1}}{1+1} + C$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}}{5/2} - \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} - \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$(10) \int \left(\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\int \sqrt{x} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int x^{1/2} dx - \int \frac{1}{x^{1/2}} dx$$

$$\int x^{1/2} dx - \int x^{-1/2} dx$$

$$\frac{x^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} - \frac{x^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} - \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} - 2x^{1/2} + C$$

$$(11) \int \left(\frac{2}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x^2} + 5 \right) dx$$

$$\int \frac{2}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{3}{x^2} dx + \int 5 dx$$

$$\int 2x^{-3} dx + \int 3x^{-2} dx + \int 5 dx$$

$$2 \int x^{-3} dx + 3 \int x^{-2} dx + 5 \int dx$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{x^{-3+1}}{-3+1} + 3 \cdot \frac{x^{-2+1}}{-2+1} + 5x + C$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{x^{-2}}{-2} + 3 \cdot \frac{x^{-1}}{-1} + 5x + C$$

$$-x^{-2} - 3x^{-1} + 5x + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x} + 5x + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x} + 5x + C$$

$$(12) \int \left(3 - \frac{1}{x^4} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx$$

$$\int 3 dx - \int \frac{1}{x^4} dx + \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$

$$3 \int dx - \int x^{-4} dx + \int x^{-2} dx$$

$$3x - \frac{x^{-4+1}}{-4+1} + \frac{x^{-2+1}}{-2+1} + C$$

$$3x - \frac{x^{-3}}{-3} + \frac{x^{-1}}{-1} + C$$

$$3x + \frac{x^{-3}}{3} - x^{-1} + C$$

$$3x + \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

$$3x + \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

$$3x + \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

$$(13) \int \frac{x^2 + 4x - 4}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \int \frac{4x}{\sqrt{x}} dx - \int \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + \int 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx - \int 4x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\int x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + 4 \int x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx - 4 \int x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\int x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + 4 \int x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx - 4 \int x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}+1}}{\frac{3}{2}+1} + 4 \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}+1}}{\frac{1}{2}+1} - 4 \cdot \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}+1}}{-\frac{1}{2}+1} + C$$

$$\frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\frac{5}{2}} + 4 \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} - 4 \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\frac{1}{2}} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{5} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{8}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 8 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{5} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{8}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 8 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + C$$

$$(14) \int \frac{y^4 + 2y^2 - 1}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$\int \left(\frac{y^4}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{2y^2}{\sqrt{y}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \right) dy$$

$$\int \frac{y^4}{\sqrt{y}} dy + \int \frac{2y^2}{\sqrt{y}} dy - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$\int y^{\frac{7}{2}} dy + \int \frac{2y^2}{y^{\frac{1}{2}}} dy - \int y^{-\frac{1}{2}} dy$$

$$\int y^{1/2} dy + \int 2y^{3/2} dy - \int y^{-1/2} dy$$

$$\int y^{1/2} dy + 2 \int y^{3/2} dy - \int y^{-1/2} dy$$

$$\frac{y^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + 2 \cdot \frac{y^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} - \frac{y^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{y^{3/2}}{3/2} + 2 \cdot \frac{y^{5/2}}{5/2} - \frac{y^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} y^{3/2} + 2 \cdot \frac{2}{5} y^{5/2} - 2 y^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} y^{3/2} + \frac{4}{5} y^{5/2} - 2 y^{1/2} + C$$

$$(15) \int \left(\sqrt{2x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x}} \right) dx$$

$$\int \sqrt{2x} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x}} dx$$

$$\int (2x)^{1/2} dx - \int \frac{1}{(2x)^{1/2}} dx$$

$$\int (2x)^{1/2} dx - \int (2x)^{-1/2} dx$$

$$\frac{(2x)^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} - \frac{(2x)^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{(2x)^{3/2}}{3/2} - \frac{(2x)^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (2x)^{3/2} - 2 (2x)^{1/2} + C$$

$$(16) \int \frac{27t^3 - 1}{\sqrt[3]{t}} dt$$

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$$\int \frac{27t^3}{\sqrt[3]{t}} dt - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{t}} dt$$

$$\int 27t^{8/3} dt - \int t^{-1/3} dt$$

$$\int 27t^{8/3} dt - \int t^{-1/3} dt$$

$$27 \int t^{8/3} dt - \int t^{-1/3} dt$$

$$27 \cdot \frac{t^{8/3+1}}{8/3+1} - \frac{t^{-1/3+1}}{-1/3+1} + C$$

$$27 \cdot \frac{t^{11/3}}{11/3} - \frac{t^{2/3}}{2/3} + C$$

$$27 \cdot \frac{3}{11} t^{11/3} - \frac{3}{2} t^{2/3} + C$$

$$\frac{81}{11} t^{11/3} - \frac{3}{2} t^{2/3} + C$$

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$$(17) \int \sqrt{1-4y} dy$$

$$u = 1-4y$$

$$\frac{du}{dy} = -4$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \left(-\frac{du}{4} \right)$$

$$du = -4 dy$$

$$dy = -\frac{du}{4}$$

$$\int -\frac{1}{4} u^{1/2} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \int u^{1/2} du \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{6} u^{3/2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{6} (1-4y)^{3/2}$$

$$(18) \int \sqrt[3]{3x-4} dx$$

$$u = 3x-4 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 3$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{u} \frac{du}{3}$$

$$du = 3 dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{3} u^{1/3} du$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{1}{3} \int u^{1/3} du \\
 \frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} + C \\
 \frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} + C \\
 \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} + C
 \end{array}
 \rightarrow
 \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{1}{4} u^{4/3} + C \\
 \frac{1}{4} (3x-4)^{4/3} + C
 \end{array}$$

19) $\int \sqrt[3]{6-2x} dx$

$$u = 6-2x \quad \frac{du}{dx} = -2$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{u} \frac{du}{-2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -2 dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{-2}$$

$$\int -\frac{1}{2} u^{1/3} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int u^{1/3} du \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} + C \rightarrow -\frac{3}{8} u^{4/3} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} + C \rightarrow -\frac{3}{8} (6-2x)^{4/3} + C$$

20) $\int \sqrt{5x+1} dx$

$$u = 5x+1 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 5$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{5}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 5 dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{5}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{5} u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{u} \, du$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$x dx = \frac{du}{2}$$

$$\frac{S_1}{2} u^{1/2} du$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{2}{1} \int u^{1/2} du \\ \frac{2}{2} u^{1/2+1} + C \\ \frac{1}{2} u^{3/2} + C \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C \\ \frac{1}{3} u^{3/2} + C \\ \frac{1}{3} (x^2 - 9)^{3/2} + C \end{array} \right\}$$

$$3 \int x \sqrt{4-x^2} dx$$

$$du = -2x dx$$

3.5.5. $\sqrt{\mu}$ $\frac{d\mu}{d\lambda}$

$$x dx = \frac{dy}{-2}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{2} x^{-1/2} dx \\ & 3 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) x^{1/2} dx \\ & -\frac{3}{2} \frac{x^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C \\ & -\frac{3}{2} \frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} + C \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} & -\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} + C \\ & -x^{3/2} + C \\ & -(4-x^2)^{3/2} + C \end{aligned}$$

$$(23) \int x^2 \sqrt{x^3-1} dx$$

$$u = x^3 - 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3x^2$$

$$dx$$

$$du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$x^2 dx = \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{3} u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{9} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{9} (x^3-1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$(25) \int x(2x^2+1)^6 dx$$

$$u = 2x^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 4x$$

$$dx$$

$$du = 4x dx$$

$$x dx = \frac{du}{4}$$

$$\int (u)^6 \frac{du}{4}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{4} u^6 du$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int u^6 du$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{6+1}}{6+1} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^7}{7} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{28} u^7 + C$$

$$\frac{1}{28} (2x^2+1)^7 + C$$

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23) $\int 5x^3 \sqrt[3]{(9-4x^2)^2} dx$

$u = 9-4x^2$

$\frac{du}{dx} = -8x$

$\int 5x^3 \sqrt[3]{(9-4x^2)^2} dx$

$\int 5x^3 u^{2/3} \frac{du}{-8}$

$du = -8x dx$

$x dx = \frac{du}{-8}$

$\int 5 \cdot \frac{1}{-8} u^{2/3} du$

$\frac{5(-1)}{8} \int u^{2/3} du$

$-\frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{u^{2/3+1}}{2/3+1} + C$

$-\frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{u^{5/3}}{5/3} + C$

$-\frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{5} u^{5/3} + C$

$-\frac{15}{32} u^{5/3} + C$

$-\frac{15}{32} (9-4x^2)^{5/3} + C$

26) $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}}$

$u = x^2+1$

$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x$

$du = 2x dx$

$x dx = \frac{du}{2}$

$\int \frac{du}{2}$

$\int \frac{du}{2 u^{1/3}}$

$\int \frac{1}{2} du u^{-1/3}$

$\frac{1}{2} \int du u^{-1/3}$

$\frac{1}{2} \int du u^{-1/3+1}$

$\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^{-1/3+1}}{-1/3+1} + C$

$\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^{2/3}}{2/3} + C$

$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} u^{2/3} + C$

$\frac{3}{4} u^{2/3} + C$

$\frac{3}{4} (x^2+1)^{2/3} + C$

$$(27) \int \frac{y^3}{(1-2y^4)^5} dy$$

$$u = 1-2y^4 \quad \frac{du}{dy} = -8y^3$$

$$\frac{du}{dy} = -8y^3 \quad y^3 dy = \frac{du}{-8}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{-8 u^5}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{-8} u^{-5}$$

$$\int -\frac{1}{8} u^{-5} du \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} -\frac{1}{8} \frac{u^{-4}}{-4} \\ \frac{1}{32} u^{-4} \end{array} \right]$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \int u^{-5} du \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{32} (1-2y^4)^{-4} \end{array} \right]$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \frac{u^{-4+1}}{-4+1} \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{32(1-2y^4)^4} \end{array} \right]$$

$$(28) \int (x^2 - 4x + 4)^{1/3} dx$$

$$\int [(x-2)^2]^{1/3} dx$$

$$u = x-2 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 1$$

$$\int (x-2)^{1/3} dx$$

$$\int u^{1/3} du$$

$$du = dx$$

$$\frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} + C$$

$$\frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} + C$$

$$\frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} + C$$

$$\frac{3}{4} (x-2)^{4/3} + C$$

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$$(29) \int \frac{S dS}{\sqrt{3S^2+1}}$$

$$u = 3S^2+1 \quad \frac{du}{dS} = 6S$$

$$du = 6S dS$$

$$S dS = \frac{du}{6}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{6}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u^{1/2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} u^{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{6} u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{6} 2^2 u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (3S^2+1)^{1/2} + C$$

$$(30) \int \frac{2r dr}{(1-r)^{2/3}}$$

$$u = 1-r \quad \frac{du}{dr} = -1$$

$$r = 1-u \quad dr = -du$$

$$du = -dr$$

$$dr = -du$$

$$\int \frac{2(1-u)(-du)}{u^{2/3}}$$

$$2 \int \frac{(1-u)(-du)}{u^{2/3}}$$

$$2 \int (-1)(1-u) u^{-2/3} du$$

$$2(-1) \int (1-u) u^{-2/3} du$$

$$-2 \int (u^{-2/3} - u^{1/3}) du$$

$$-2 \left(\int u^{-2/3} du - \int u^{1/3} du \right)$$

$$-2 \left(\frac{u^{-2/3+1}}{-2/3+1} - \frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} \right) + C$$

$$-2 \left(\frac{u^{1/3}}{1/3} - \frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} \right) + C$$

$$-2 \left(3 u^{1/3} - \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} \right) + C$$

$$-6 u^{1/3} + \frac{3}{2} u^{4/3} + C$$

$$-6 (1-r)^{1/3} + \frac{3}{2} (1-r)^{4/3} + C$$

$$(31) \int \frac{x dt}{\sqrt{x+3}}$$

$$u = x+3$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 1$$

$$x = u-3$$

$$dt$$

$$du = dt$$

$$\int \frac{(u-3) du}{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$\int \frac{(u-3) du}{u^{1/2}}$$

$$\int (u-3) u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\int (u^{1/2} - 3u^{-1/2}) du$$

$$\int u^{1/2} du - \int 3u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\int u^{1/2} du - 3 \int u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} - 3 \frac{u^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} - 3 \frac{u^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} - 3 \cdot 2 u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} - 6 u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (x+3)^{3/2} - 6 (x+3)^{1/2} + C$$

$$(32) \int \sqrt{\frac{1-t}{t}} \frac{dt}{t^2}$$

$$u = \frac{1-t}{t}$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = -\frac{1}{t^2}$$

$$du = -\frac{dt}{t^2}$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} (-du)$$

$$\int -1 u^{1/2} du$$

$$-1 \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$-1 \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$-1 \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$-1 \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1-t}{t} \right)^{3/2} + C$$

$$33) \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{3x}} \frac{dx}{x^2} \quad u = 1 + \frac{1}{3x} \quad \frac{du}{dx} = -\frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{dx}{x^2} = \frac{du}{-3}$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{-3}$$

$$\frac{1}{-3} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{2}{9} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{2}{9} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3x}\right)^{3/2} + C$$

$$34) \int x^4 \sqrt{3x^3 - 5} dx \quad u = 3x^3 - 5 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 9x^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 9x^2$$

$$x^2 dx = \frac{du}{9}$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{27} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{27} (3x^3 - 5)^{3/2} + C$$

$$(35) \int \sqrt{3-x} x^2 dx$$

$$u = 3-x \quad du = -1$$

$$x = 3-u$$

$$dx$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} (3-u)^2 (-du)$$

$$du = -dx$$

$$\int -1 u^{1/2} (9-6u+u^2) du$$

$$dx = -du$$

$$-1 \int u^{1/2} (9-6u+u^2) du$$

$$-\int (9u^{1/2} - 6u^{3/2} + u^{5/2}) du$$

$$-(\int 9u^{1/2} du - \int 6u^{3/2} du + \int u^{5/2} du)$$

$$-(9 \int u^{1/2} du - 6 \int u^{3/2} du + \int u^{5/2} du)$$

$$-\left(9 \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} - 6 \frac{u^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} + \frac{u^{5/2+1}}{5/2+1}\right) + C$$

$$-\left(9 \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} - 6 \frac{u^{5/2}}{5/2} + \frac{u^{7/2}}{7/2}\right) + C$$

$$-\left(9 \cdot 2 \frac{u^{3/2}}{3} - 6 \cdot 2 \frac{u^{5/2}}{5} + 2 \frac{u^{7/2}}{7}\right) + C$$

$$-\left(6 u^{3/2} - \frac{12}{5} u^{5/2} + 2 \frac{u^{7/2}}{7}\right) + C$$

$$-6(3-x)^{3/2} + \frac{12}{5}(3-x)^{5/2} - \frac{2}{7}(3-x)^{7/2} + C$$

$$(36) \int (x^3+3)^{1/4} x^3 dx$$

$$u = x^3+3 \quad du = 3x^2$$

$$x^3 = u-3$$

$$dx$$

$$\int (x^3+3)^{1/4} x^2 x^3 dx$$

$$du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\int u^{1/4} (u-3) \frac{du}{3}$$

$$x^2 dx = \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int u^{1/4} (u-3) du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int u^{1/4} (u-3) du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int (u^{5/4} - 3u^{1/4}) du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (\int u^{3/4} du - \int 3u^{1/4} du)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (\int u^{3/4} du - 3 \int u^{1/4} du)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{u^{3/4+1}}{3/4+1} - 3 \frac{u^{1/4+1}}{1/4+1} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{u^{7/4}}{7/4} - 3 \frac{u^{5/4}}{5/4} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4}{7} u^{7/4} - 3 \cdot \frac{4}{5} u^{5/4} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4}{7} u^{7/4} - \frac{12}{5} u^{5/4} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{4}{27} u^{7/4} - \frac{12}{15} u^{5/4} + C$$

$$\frac{4}{27} (x^3+3)^{7/4} - \frac{12}{15} (x^3+3)^{5/4} + C$$

$$\frac{4}{27} (x^3+3)^{7/4} - \frac{4}{5} (x^3+3)^{5/4} + C$$

$$(37) \int \frac{(x^2+2x) dx}{\sqrt{x^3+3x^2+1}}$$

$$u = x^3+3x^2+1 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 3x^2+6x$$

$$\int \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\int \frac{du}{3}$$

$$\int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\int u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\int 1 u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{u^{1/2}}{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (x^3+3x^2+1)^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3(x^2+2x)$$

$$du = 3(x^2+2x) dx$$

$$(x^2+2x) dx = \frac{du}{3}$$

$$(38) \int x(x^2+1)\sqrt{4-2x^2-x^4} dx$$

$$u = 4 - 2x^2 - x^4$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -4x - 4x^3$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -4x(1+x^2)$$

$$du = -4x(x^2+1) dx$$

$$x(x^2+1) dx = \frac{du}{-4}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{u}}{-4} du$$

$$\int -\frac{1}{4} u^{1/2} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} (4-2x^2-x^4)^{3/2} + C$$

$$(39) \int \frac{x(3x^2+1) dx}{(3x^4+2x^2+1)^2}$$

$$u = 3x^4 + 2x^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 12x^3 + 4x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 4x(3x^2+1)$$

$$du = 4x(3x^2+1) dx$$

$$x(3x^2+1) dx = \frac{du}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 \int \frac{du}{u^2} & \rightarrow & \frac{1}{-2+1} u^{-2+1} + C \\
 \int u^{-2} \frac{du}{4} & \rightarrow & \frac{1}{4} \frac{u^{-1}}{-1} + C \\
 \int \frac{1}{4} u^{-2} du & \rightarrow & -\frac{1}{4} u^{-1} + C \\
 \frac{1}{4} \int u^{-2} du & \rightarrow & -\frac{1}{4} (3x^4 + 2x^2 + 1)^{-1} + C
 \end{array}
 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{4(3x^4 + 2x^2 + 1)} + C$$

40) $\int \sqrt{3+s} (s+1)^2 ds$

$$u = 3+s \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 1$$

$$s = u-3 \quad ds$$

$$du = ds$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} (u-3+1)^2 du$$

$$\int u^{1/2} (u-2)^2 du$$

$$\int u^{1/2} (u^2 - 4u + 4) du$$

$$\int (u^{5/2} - 4u^{3/2} + 4u^{1/2}) du$$

$$\int u^{5/2} du - \int 4u^{3/2} du + \int 4u^{1/2} du$$

$$\int u^{5/2} du - 4 \int u^{3/2} du + 4 \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{u^{5/2+1}}{5/2+1} - 4 \frac{u^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} + 4 \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + C$$

$$\frac{u^{7/2}}{7/2} - 4 \frac{u^{5/2}}{5/2} + 4 \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} u^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} u^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (3+s)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (3+s)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (3+s)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\textcircled{41} \int \frac{y+3}{(3-y)^{2/3}} dy$$

$$u = 3-y$$

$$y = 3-u$$

$$\frac{du}{dy} = -1$$

$$du = -dy$$

$$dy = -du$$

$$\int \frac{3-u+3}{u^{2/3}} (-du)$$

$$\int -1 \frac{6-u}{u^{2/3}} du$$

$$-1 \int (6-u) u^{-2/3} du$$

$$-\int (6u^{-2/3} - u^{1/3}) du$$

$$-(\int 6u^{-2/3} du - \int u^{1/3} du)$$

$$-(6 \int u^{-2/3} du - \int u^{1/3} du)$$

$$-\left(\frac{6 u^{-2/3+1}}{-2/3+1} - \frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} \right) + C$$

$$-\left(\frac{6 u^{1/3}}{1/3} - \frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} \right) + C$$

$$-\left(6 \cdot 3 u^{1/3} - \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} \right) + C$$

$$-\left(18 u^{1/3} - \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} \right) + C$$

$$-18(3-y)^{1/3} + \frac{3}{4}(3-y)^{4/3} + C$$

$$\textcircled{42} \int (2t^2+1)^{1/3} t^3 dt$$

$$u = 2t^2+1 \quad \frac{du}{dt} = 4t$$

$$2t^2 = u-1 \quad dt$$

$$t^2 = \frac{u-1}{2} \quad du = 4t dt$$

$$t dt = \frac{du}{4}$$

$$\int (2t^2+1)^{1/3} t^2 dt$$

$$\int u^{1/3} \left(\frac{u-1}{2} \right) \frac{du}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{1}{8} u^{1/3} (u-1) du &\rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{u^{4/3+1}}{4/3+1} - \frac{u^{1/3+1}}{1/3+1} \right) + C \\
 \frac{1}{8} \int u^{1/3} (u-1) du &\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{u^{7/3}}{7/3} - \frac{u^{4/3}}{4/3} \right) + C \\
 \frac{1}{8} \int (u^{4/3} - u^{1/3}) du &\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{3}{7} u^{7/3} - \frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} \right) + C \\
 \frac{1}{8} (\int u^{4/3} du - \int u^{1/3} du) &\frac{3}{8} u^{7/3} - \frac{3}{8} u^{4/3} + C \\
 &\frac{3}{36} (2x^2+1)^{7/3} - \frac{3}{32} (2x^2+1)^{4/3} + C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(43) \int \frac{(r^{1/3} + 2)^4}{\sqrt[3]{r^2}} dr$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= r^{1/3} + 2 & \frac{du}{dr} &= \frac{1}{3} r^{-2/3} & \rightarrow du &= \frac{dr}{3\sqrt[3]{r^2}} \\
 & & \frac{du}{dr} &= \frac{1}{3r^{2/3}} & dr &= 3 du \sqrt[3]{r^2} \\
 & & \frac{du}{dr} &= \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{r^2}} & &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int u^4 3 du & \\
 3 \int u^4 du & \\
 3 \frac{u^{4+1}}{4+1} + C & \\
 3 \frac{u^5}{5} + C & \\
 3 \frac{(r^{1/3} + 2)^5}{5} + C &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(49) \int \left(\frac{t+1}{t} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{t^2-1}{t^2} \right) dt$$

$$u = \frac{t+1}{t} \quad \frac{du}{dt} = 1 - \frac{1}{t^2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{t^2-1}{t^2}$$

$$du = \left(\frac{t^2-1}{t^2} \right) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int u^{3/2} du &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{t+1}{t} \right)^{5/2} + C \\ \frac{u^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} + C &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{t+1}{t} \right)^{5/2} + C \\ \frac{u^{5/2}}{5/2} + C &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{t+1}{t} \right)^{5/2} + C \\ \frac{2}{5} u^{5/2} + C &= \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{t+1}{t} \right)^{5/2} + C \end{aligned}$$

$$(43) \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2+4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$u = x^2 + 4 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$x^2 = u - 4$$

$$dx$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$x dx = \frac{du}{2}$$

$$\int \frac{x x^2}{(x^2+4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{(u-4) \frac{du}{2}}{u^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(u-4)u^{-3/2}}{2} du && \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{u^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} - 4 \frac{u^{-3/2+1}}{-3/2+1} \right) + C \\
 & \int \frac{1}{2} (u-4) u^{-3/2} du && \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{u^{1/2}}{1/2} - 4 \frac{u^{-1/2}}{-1/2} \right) + C \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (u-4) u^{-3/2} du && \frac{1}{2} (2u^{1/2} - 4(-2)u^{1/2}) + C \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (u^{-1/2} - 4u^{-3/2}) du && \frac{1}{2} (2u^{1/2} + 8u^{-1/2}) + C \\
 & \frac{1}{2} (\int u^{-1/2} du - \int 4u^{-3/2} du) && u^{1/2} + 4u^{-1/2} + C \\
 & \frac{1}{2} (\int u^{-1/2} du - 4 \int u^{-3/2} du) && u^{1/2} + \frac{4}{u^{1/2}} + C \\
 & && (x^2+9)^{1/2} + \frac{4}{(x^2+9)^{1/2}} + C
 \end{aligned}$$

46 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-2x^2}} dx$

$$u = 1 - 2x^2 \quad du = -4x$$

$$2x^2 = 1 - u \quad dx$$

$$x^2 = \frac{1-u}{2} \quad du = -4x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \quad x dx = \frac{du}{-4}$$

$$\int \frac{x x^2}{\sqrt{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1-u}{2} \right) \left(\frac{du}{-4} \right)$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1-u}{2} \right) \left(\frac{du}{-4} \right) \frac{1}{u^{1/2}}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1-u}{2} \right) \left(\frac{du}{-4} \right) u^{-1/2}$$

$$\int_0^1 (1-u) u^{-1/2} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} u^{1/2} + \frac{1}{12} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^1 (1-u) u^{-1/2} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{4} (1-2x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{12} (1-2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^1 (u^{-1/2} - u^{1/2}) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\int_0^1 u^{-1/2} du - \int_0^1 u^{1/2} du \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{u^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} - \frac{u^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{u^{1/2}}{1/2} - \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} \right) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2u^{1/2}}{1} - \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right) + C$$